

15

[P15]

formar binomial y, base 2 y decimal

a)  $1101\ 001\ 01100111_2$

decimal sumando de los dígitos de 2 dígitos cada vez + 1

$$\begin{aligned} & 1 \cdot 2^{13} + 1 \cdot 2^{13} + 1 \cdot 2^9 + 0 \cdot 2^8 + 1 \cdot 2^7 + 0 \cdot 2^6 + 0 \cdot 2^5 + 1 \cdot 2^4 + 0 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0 \\ & = 53607_{10} \end{aligned}$$

$\downarrow$  sumando decimal

binomial

$1101\ 000100100$

$1101\ 0001\ 0110\ 0111_2$

$$\begin{array}{r} (1101)_2 \rightarrow 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 0 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0 = 13 \rightarrow 0 \\ (1101)_2 \rightarrow 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 0 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0 = 13 \rightarrow 0 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{array}$$

+ dígitos

$$0001 \rightarrow 2^0 + 1 = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 0110 \rightarrow 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 = 6 = 6 \\ 0111 \rightarrow 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 = 7 \end{array} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} 0167_{16}$$

b)  $357_{10}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 357 \quad | \quad 2 \\ 15 \quad | \quad 178 \quad | \quad 2 \\ 15 \quad | \quad 18 \quad | \quad 84 \quad | \quad 2 \\ 0 \quad | \quad 0 \quad | \quad 0 \quad | \quad 0 \\ \hline 0 \quad 0 \end{array} \rightarrow \boxed{1010011011}$$

Binario

~~1010 0101~~

1010 0110

$$\begin{array}{l} 2^3 + 0 + 2^1 = 10 \\ 2^2 + 2^1 = 6 \end{array} \rightarrow \boxed{05_{16}}$$

$$C) 7 \wedge 05_{16}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 7 = 0111_2 \\ A = 0101_2 \\ B = 0011_2 \\ S = 0011_2 \end{array}$$

~~7 = 0111<sub>2</sub>~~

~~A = 0101<sub>2</sub>~~

~~B = 0011<sub>2</sub>~~

~~S = 0011<sub>2</sub>~~

~~0111 0101 0011 0011<sub>2</sub>~~

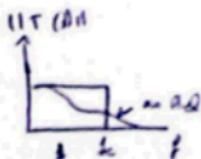
$$\begin{array}{l} 7 = 0111_2 \\ A = 0110_2 \\ B = 0112_2 \\ S = 0011_2 \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} 0111 0110 0111 0011_2 \end{array}$$

Done

$$7 \cdot 16^3 + 10 \cdot 16^2 + 11 \cdot 16^1 + 5 \cdot 16^0 = \boxed{31413_{10}}$$

P16

$$f_0 = 100 \text{ kHz}$$



Per jeder gezeigten markiert es gleich infolge welcher  
regt die ansteigende Kurve die messende signale

$$\text{frequenz } 22 \text{ kHz} \rightarrow \text{frequenz} = 200 \text{ kHz}$$

weil ansteigende periodische an das gleiche gegebene ob jene zu  
beobachten ist und dann die frequenz erhält

P17

Gezeigt wird signale analysis von realen dgl. gezeigt ist  $\text{O}_{\text{u}} = 250$   
• konstante A/D von 8 Bit mit einem Bereich von 250

→ aktiver erzeugen linear stark die reelle dgl. gezeigt werden

$$\text{a)} V_{\text{in}} = 0.195 \text{ V}$$

mit 8 Bit ist 250 mV

$$\cdot \text{Rechteck ges.} = \frac{250 \text{ V}}{256 \text{ V}} = 0.000976 \text{ V/mv}$$

oder mit der dgl. ist gezeigt wird analysis

$$\frac{0.195}{0.000976} = 200 \text{ 3.70 unter dgl.}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad V_{RL} = 114.7 \text{ V}$$

$$\frac{147}{0.0018} = 150 \rightarrow \text{VRL } \text{dargestellt}$$

Rechenfaktor Lösung

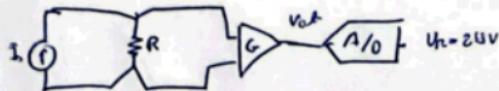
a)

$$\begin{array}{r} 77 \quad 12 \\ 17 \quad 38 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad 18 \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 9 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 9 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 4 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 2 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 1 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 0 \quad 0 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \end{array} \rightarrow 1011001_2$$

b)

$$\begin{array}{r} 150 \quad 12 \\ 10 \quad 75 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad 15 \quad 12 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 6 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 9 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 24 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 2 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 1 \quad 12 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \quad 0 \quad 0 \\ \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{1} \end{array} 01101001_2$$

P19



$$R_x = 100 + 3.9019 \cdot 10^{-1} \ell - 6.4441 \cdot 10^{-5} \ell^2 + 6.9543 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \ell^3 - 1.7124 \cdot 10^{-10} \cdot \ell^4 \\ + 1.12902 \cdot 10^{-13} \cdot \ell^5 \quad \ell \in [0, 450]^\circ C$$

$$I_s = 0.11 \text{ mA}$$

a)

$$\Delta R_x = \frac{dR_x}{d\ell} / \Delta \ell$$

$$R_x(0^\circ C) = 100 \Omega \rightarrow V_{in} = I_s \cdot R_x = 0.11 \cdot 100 = 0.11 \text{ V}$$

$$R_x(450^\circ C) = 2.64113 \Omega \rightarrow V_{in} = 0.11 \cdot 2.64113 = 0.2905443 \text{ V}$$

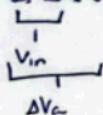
$$V_{in \min} = 0 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{in \max} = \frac{2.65 \cdot 10^{10}}{2^{10}} = 2.14975 \text{ V} \quad G = 0.026413 = 2.14975 \text{ V}$$

$$G = \frac{2.14975}{0.026413} = 81.66$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} V_{out \max} &= 2.14975 \text{ V} \\ V_{out \min} &= 81.66 \cdot 0.01 \text{ V} = 0.8166 \text{ V} \end{aligned}}$$

$$\Delta R_x \Rightarrow I_s \cdot \Delta R_x \cdot G = \Delta V_o$$



$$\Delta V_o = \frac{2.65}{2^{10}} = \frac{2.65 \text{ V}}{1024} = 0.11 \cdot \Delta R_x \cdot 81.66$$

$$\Delta R_x = \frac{2.65 \text{ V}}{1.024 \cdot 10^4 \cdot 0.11 \cdot 81.66} = 0.1258 \Omega$$

$$\frac{\Delta R_x}{\Delta \ell} = \frac{dR_x}{d\ell} = 0.39019 - 6.4441 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 2 \cdot \ell + 3 \cdot 6.9543 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \ell^2 - 1.7124 \cdot 10^{-10} \cdot 4 \cdot \ell^3 \\ + 1.12902 \cdot 10^{-13} \cdot 5 \cdot \ell^4$$

balanced for  $0^\circ C \rightarrow 6.3909 \Omega$

$$\Delta \ell = \frac{0.39019}{0.431} = 0.90^\circ C$$

$$\frac{t_{max} - t_{min}}{\Delta t} = \frac{450 - 0^\circ C}{0^\circ S} = 900 \text{ ohm}$$

$$V_{in \ min} \cdot G \Rightarrow V_{out} = 0$$

$$V_{in \ max} \cdot G = V_{out} = 214925V$$

$$V_{out} = G \cdot I + R$$

$$\frac{V_{out} - 0V}{R_1} + \frac{V_{ref} - 0}{R_3} = \frac{0 - V_{out}}{R_2} \rightarrow V_{out} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} \cdot G \cdot I + R_2 - \frac{R_2}{R_3} \cdot V_{ref}$$

$$\frac{R_2}{R_1} \cdot 0'1 \cdot 10^{-3} A \cdot 100 \Omega - \frac{R_2}{R_3} \cdot 215 = 0$$

$$\frac{R_2}{R_1} \cdot \frac{100}{0'1 \cdot 10^{-3} A} \cdot 214917 \Omega - \frac{R_2}{R_3} \cdot 215 V = 214975$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \\ R_2 = 15124 \text{ k}\Omega \\ R_3 = 17 \text{ k}\Omega \end{array} \right\}$$

P 19

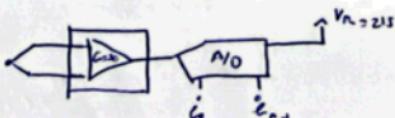
$$t_6 \in (450^\circ\text{C}, 250^\circ\text{C})$$

$$\text{f.c.m} = 19516 \mu\text{V} = 0.019516 \text{V} \quad \text{para } \theta = 450^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{f.c.m} = 35313 \mu\text{V} = 0.035313 \text{V} \quad \text{para } \theta = 250^\circ\text{C}$$

Amp  $\text{inst}$   $G=50$

$$A_V = 2^{15}\text{V}$$



$$\text{a) N, Real } \Delta\theta = 0.1^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{b) Sim. } T = 223^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Ideal} = \frac{250 - 450^\circ\text{C}}{0.1^\circ\text{C}} = 4000 \text{ calibros} \rightarrow \text{Son calibres recta para errores en valor, no en alta}$$

$$V_{b, \text{min}} = 0.019516 \cdot 50 = 0.9258 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{b, \text{max}} = 0.035313 \cdot 50 = 1.765653 \text{ V}$$

]. Tensiones en las cubanas

$$\frac{\Delta V_b}{\Delta t} = \frac{0.35313 - 0.019516}{50 - 450} = 41.99 \mu\text{V/C} \rightarrow \text{Variacion V con el } T^\circ$$

$$\frac{\Delta V_b}{\Delta t} = 41.99 \mu\text{V/C} \cdot 50 = 21 \text{ mV/C} \rightarrow \text{Si queremos variacion de } \Delta\theta \text{ de } 0.1^\circ\text{C}$$

tenemos que } 21 \text{ mV/C es el condicón

$$\Delta\theta = 0.1 \rightarrow \Delta V_b = 21 \text{ mV/C} \cdot 0.1^\circ\text{C} = 0.21 \text{ mV} \checkmark$$

Para que los calibres esten correctos

para saber

$$f = \frac{V_R}{Z^n} = \frac{V_S}{Z^n} = 0.21 \text{ V} \rightarrow Z^n = \frac{V_S}{0.21 \cdot 10^3} \rightarrow \text{entonces } Z^n = 11908 \approx 11908$$

Como } Z^n = 11908 \text{ es grande solo } f = 2^{14} \text{ es } \approx 16384 \text{ por lo que no es necesario}

8)

$V_o(723^\circ C) \rightarrow \text{Siegelsches} \rightarrow$

$$V_o(723^\circ C) = V_o(450^\circ C) + \frac{V_o(930^\circ C) - V_o(450^\circ C)}{930^\circ C - 450^\circ C} (723^\circ C - 450^\circ C)$$

$$V_o(723^\circ C) = 0.018516 V + \frac{0.075313 - 0.018516}{930 - 450} (723 - 450) = 0.029979 V$$

$$V_o = 0.029979 \cdot 50 \approx 149.895 V$$

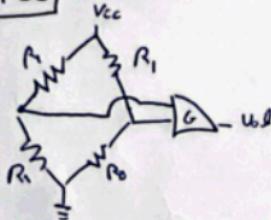
$$2^5 V \rightarrow 2^{14-1} \\ 149.895 V \rightarrow n \quad ] \rightarrow n = \frac{149.895}{2^5} (2^{14-1}) = 9823$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9823 \\ \overline{24} \qquad \overline{16} \\ \overline{63} \qquad \overline{16} \\ \overline{13} \qquad \overline{32} \\ \overline{15} \qquad \overline{16} \\ \textcircled{1} \qquad \textcircled{6} \end{array}$$

$$265 F_{16} = 2^{16} + 6 \cdot 16^2 +$$

$$9823_{10} = 265 F_{16} = 10.0110,0101\ 1111$$

P20



$$R_1 = 10 \text{ k} \Omega$$

$$V_{CC} = 11.5 \text{ V}$$

$T_2 = 27^\circ\text{C}$

$$V_{BE} = 2.5$$

$$R_w = 100 + 0.3909 \cdot \theta = 51.2 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad [10..30]^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta \theta = 0.10^\circ\text{C}$$

$$R_w \min = 100 + 0.3909 \cdot 10 = 51.2 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 10^2 = 103.9 \Omega$$

$$R_w \max = 100 + 0.3909 \cdot 50 = 51.2 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 50^2 = 1191.4 \Omega$$

Symbolisch ple

$$\frac{R_1}{R_1} = \frac{R_w}{R_0} \rightarrow R_2 = R_0 \rightarrow R_0 = 103.9 \Omega$$

General

$$G = \frac{\Delta V_{out}}{\Delta V_{pdc}} \quad . \quad \Delta V_{out} = \frac{V_{out}}{2^n} = \frac{2.5}{2^{12}} = 61.1035 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\Delta R_w = \frac{dR_w}{d\theta} \cdot \Delta \theta = 0.3909 - 82.52 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \theta \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta R_w \min = 61.0039206 \Omega \\ \Delta R_w \max = 61.0038512 \Omega \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Delta V_{pdc} = \frac{dV_{pdc}}{dR_w}; \quad V_{pdc} = V_{CC} \left( \frac{R_w}{R_1 R_2} - \frac{R_0}{R_1 + R_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{dV_{pdc}}{dR_w} = V_{CC} \cdot \frac{R_2}{(R_1 + R_2)^2} \quad \rightarrow \Delta V_{pdc} \min = 1.5 \cdot \left( \frac{10000}{10000 + 103.9} \right) = 0.0019206 \Omega$$

$$\Delta V_{pdc} \max = 5.16092 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ V}$$

$$\Delta R_w \max = 5.1641 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ V}$$

$$G_{mn} = \frac{61075 \cdot 10^{-9}}{5176000 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 1060 \quad \checkmark$$

$$G_{max} = \frac{61075 \cdot 10^{-9}}{5'091 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 1072 \quad \checkmark$$

D  
 $C_{\text{air}} \quad G = 1072 \quad R_n(273K) = 110.52 \text{ m}^2$

$$V_{\text{pde}} = V_{\text{ac}} \left( \frac{R_n}{R_1 + R_n} - \frac{R_o}{R_1 + R_o} \right) = 113 \left( \frac{110.52}{100.52 + 107.2} - \frac{107.2}{100.52 + 107.2} \right)$$

$$V_{\text{pde}}(22.15) = 9.39 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad \checkmark$$

$$V_{\text{out}} = G \cdot V_{\text{pde}} = 1072 \cdot 9.39 \cdot 10^{-4} = 1.0592 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{Salde } \delta_{\text{effekt}} = \frac{V_{\text{out}}}{V_{\text{ref}}} \cdot 4096 = \frac{1.0592 \cdot 4096}{2.5} = 1771$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1771 \longdiv{2} \\
 13 \quad 865 \longdiv{12} \\
 11 \quad 68 \quad 432 \longdiv{12} \\
 05 \quad 03 \quad 216 \longdiv{12} \\
 \textcircled{0} \quad \textcircled{0} \quad 12 \quad 02 \quad 108 \longdiv{12} \\
 \textcircled{0} \quad \textcircled{0} \quad 3 \quad 14 \quad 54 \longdiv{12} \\
 \textcircled{0} \quad \textcircled{0} \quad 2 \quad 02 \quad 13 \longdiv{12} \\
 \textcircled{0} \quad \textcircled{0} \quad 1 \quad 02 \quad 6 \longdiv{12} \\
 \textcircled{0} \quad \textcircled{0} \quad 3 \quad 12 \longdiv{12} \\
 \textcircled{0} \quad \textcircled{0} \quad 1 \quad 12
 \end{array}$$

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